



Art and Science

Schemes of Work

8 & 9	Project Theme: O'Keeffe sty Science and Art Duration: 15 weeks (15 less	-	 Area of Study: Science - light, colour, use of a lens, telescope use, the Faulkes telescope colour-layering images taken through photoshop. Art - colour, form, painting techniques, stretching canvas, understanding the work of O'Keeffe and ICT 			Pupil Nos: 15-20
Gifted and	Exhibit work outside of school					
Lesson No	Classroom activities and tasks	Homework Tasks	Differentiation	Key Learning Objectives	Assessment Opportunities	Resources
Numeracy Literacy ICT PSHE	O'Keeffe and nebula gas	a number of images on nebula clouds and O'Keeffe and also information about her style and techniques, as they will be producing at a later date a power point. Store collected resources to data stick.	image. Differentiation takes place by the complexity and depth of the O'Keeffe images selected to	make decisions in their selection of images and information collected. To learn to understand the	Question & Answers/ discussion. Review of work at the end of the lesson. Set targets on what each student wishes to achieve from the project.	ICT access.
2 Numeracy Literacy	Colour Theory. Students will have an understanding of basic colour theory. Science and Art teach colour theory slightly differently. In this session, it to recap and review and discuss the different aspects of colour and its different combinations. Access the	Students from their research can produce a colour wheel of primary, secondary and tertiary shades. Create colour bars where they have tinted, toned and shaded colour. Basically learn through media to mix	students needs and to develop their confidence when using paint. To	To understand colour through science and art. To develop an understanding of how colour is made up and why you use the colours you select.		ICT. Sketchbooks, dry and wet media. Compass, protractor.

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From the images they have	To each produce in	Those more confident			ICT.
	groups of 2/3 a power			Answer/ discussion	
 	point slide of their		O'Keeffe and		Sketchbooks,
	understanding of the	and actually paint	colour mixing. How		Acrylics,
area on to A3 card. Plan out		directly onto the card.		end of lesson	
	have learnt so far, using		together.		A3 card, brushes
5	collected resources	the various required			etc.
mixing they are to copy the		colours on the card,			
 O'Keeffe section.		not the palette.			
Students will learn what light		Pace, and those who	To understand how		Flame loops,
	groups and piece		light works	Answer/ discussion	
	together slides to create	can aid those who			lithium chloride,
	slide show.	find it more difficult to			Copper chloride,
demonstrate how electrons		understand		end of lesson	
orbit a nucleus and how the					Potassium chloride,
excitation of these electrons					Deelvere Dureer
can lead to the emission of					Beakers, Bunsen
a photon. Flame tests will					burners.
be used to show practically					
how emission of light occurs.					
	To ensure they have	Those more confident	Ta hava	Question &	ICT.
	collected images on	with acrylics and		Answer/ discussion	
	nebula gas clouds, and	painting could	mixing, developed		Sketchbooks,
	to get a frame made	experiment with			Acrylics,
	minimum, 50cm x 50cm.	adding different		end of lesson	, tor ynos,
more defined colour.		mediums and			A3 card, brushes
		textures to their paint			etc.
		to create different			
		effects.			

6 Numeracy Literacy ICT PSHE	Students will try this practical and if successful will see not only how a lens works but how it can magnify as well.	or in the lab, the use of a lens.	To work in groups, aiding and supporting each other, experimenting with different lens to get different results	To fully understand how a lens works	Answer/ discussion	Card, box, different lenses, stapler and staples,candle and holder.
	Fig. 1 Optical bench for the image formation study. p = lens - object distance q = lens - screen distance					
7	Using the collected images of nebula gas clouds, students are to start to recreate he images in an O'Keeffe style. Students need to extract an area, enlarge to fill A3 card, and to	a 2/3 images of nebula gas clouds colour tonally. They are to experiment with media. Size 15cm x 15cm	themselves by working with media they tend to avoid due to lack of	O'Keeffe by putting her techniques, colour, form etc into context through the	Answer/ discussion	Collected images, A3 card, Acrylics, brushes etc.
	paint directly onto the card, but enhancing the colours			painting of the nebula images.		

8 Numeracy ICT	How does a telescope work? Pupils can use this (or other) website to see how a telescope works, <u>http://www.yesmag.bc.ca/</u> <u>how</u> work/telescope.html and then use a telescope to see moon or other celestial object (NOT the Sun!)	Stretch and prepare canvas ready for final piece.		To actually understand how a telescope works, and how to use one	Question & Answer/ discussion Review of work at end of lesson	ICT access.
9 literacy ICT	Complete A3 nebula painting in an O'Keeffe style	Each group to produce another slide to show their understanding of the project so far		To have fully understood the work of O'Keeffe and how she techniques.	Answer/ discussion	Collected images, A3 card, Acrylics, brushes etc.
10 literacy ICT	Use of Faulkes telescope Does exactly what it says in the lesson title and hopefully get "pretty" (pleasing or attractive to the eye, as by delicacy or gracefulness) pictures.		understand how to use the telescope and		Question & Answer/ discussion Review of work at end of lesson	ICT access.

11			Work together, and	To actually		ICT access.
literacy ICT	Does exactly what it says in	layering and enhancing the images	especially those more knowledgeable with	images taken the	Answer/ discussion Review of work at end of lesson	Adobe photo-shop.
12-15	The final piece. Bringing	To work on their final piece, as 4 lessons will	Support through guidance and	To actually realise their intentions and		Selected images.
Literacy Numeracy ICT PSHE	into a final nebula/O'Keeffe style acrylic painting on	not be enough time, to layer colour, build up texture and add detail.	discussion of colours mixed, textures added etc.	produce a final piece bringing together all that they have learnt and now to be more knowledgeable in	Discussion Review of work at end of lesson Q Marking & diagnostic comments.	Canvas, Acrylics and added mediums/textures. Brushes etc.

Here is a list of useful websites and comments on there contents/relevance:

Colour Theory:

History of colour. Go to Colour space for an understanding of colour through light. <u>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Color-theory</u>

Basic colour theory addressing all colour issues through art and science. Useful site. <u>www.colormatters.com/colortheory.html</u>

Good colour theory for photography, a little repetitive but great images. <u>www.luminous-landscape.com/tutorials/colour-theory.shtml</u>

Describes colour through pigment / electronic colour. Very informative. www.cs.brown.edu/courses/cs092/VA10/HTML/start.html

Explains colour through astronomy. Slightly complex but useful students need to understand colour through astronomy to create own colour versions of the images they take using the Faulkes telescope. http://cas.sdss.org/dr5/en/proj/advanced/color/definition.asp

Astronomical Images:

Good images to view and use for initial part of the project. <u>http://antwrp.gsfc.nasa.gov/apod/</u>

Very useful and interesting <u>www.math.uic.edu/~mccarron/hou/color/</u>